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62, 79 RETURN-TO POMOLOGY

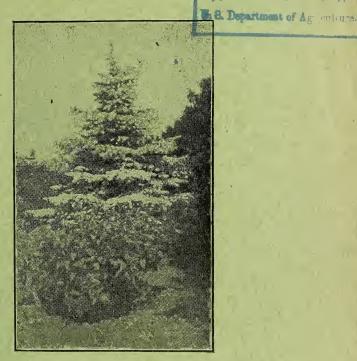
FEB 19 1917

DYBVIG NURSERY

COLTON, SO. DAK.

HOME OF THE LITTLE EVERGREENS

1917 Catalog JUL 21 1920 *



Colorado Blue Spruce

Nursery Located 1 mile East and 2 North from Colton SUCCESSOR TO

The Norby Nursery, Madison, So. Dak.

Our Aim

We always aim to please all who do business with us. If anyone receives trees or plants from us which are not entirely satisfactory in every way, we want them to report at once and give us an opportunity to correct any mistake which may have happened.

OUR TERMS

Are cash before shipment, or satisfactory reference. Unless otherwise agreed the purchaser pays all transportation charges. All claims of error must be made within ten days of receipt of goods.

GUARANTEE

We guarantee that all plants sent out shall leave here in first class condition, and if, through error any should prove untrue, to replace them without charge. It is evident that we cannot guarantee that customers will make them live, as we have no control over conditions surrounding them and the care they receive after they pass out of our control.

Agents will often agree to replace free, but they invariably ask more than double our prices, and you pay dearly for the replaced stock. The stock they sell is all shipped to a delivery point at one time and is not properly taken care of generally, and in many instances is dead when received by the customer. If it is shipped direct to you it will be well protected from drying winds and sun, and with reasonable care will grow.

ORDER EARLY

It is important that all orders be placed early. This gives you the opportunity of selecting many special varieties which are wholly taken by early buyers.

OUR PRICES

Selling direct to planters our prices are very low compared with agents. Our customers are generally well posted and will buy only at right prices. It is evident that we cannot grow the very cheapest stock here that it is possible to do down south. Prices quoted include boxing and packing and are free on board cars at Colton, South Dakota.

OUR SUPPLY

If you want anything in our line that you do not find listed herein, ask us about it. We have many things that we do not have in sufficient quantites to pay for listing; we can furnish almost anything that can grow here and will be pleased to figure on your wants either large or small. We will give all orders the same careful attention either large or small.

RETURN TO POMOLOGY FEB 19 1917. ECTION OF NOMENCLATURE



H. N. Dybvig



A. S. Dybvig

Greetings to Our Friends and Patrons.

In presenting our 1917 catalog, I wish to announce to my friends and customers, that I have this season taken in a partner in the nursery business, and will say that we will now be better able to take care of your wants than ever before.

We take this means to thank our many customers for your kind words and generous patronage in the past and assure you that we appreciate it.

Our soil is especially favorable to the development of an abundance of fibrous roots, the most important part of a tree or plant that is to be moved and transplanted. Our success in growing and handling evergreens is no doubt largely due to this fact.

If you are not already one of our customers, we ask for a trial order and we know that we can take care of it to your entire satisfaction.

Sincerely Yours,

H. N. DYBVIG, Manager,

DYBVIG NURSERY.

BEFERENCES

We are pleased to refer you to the following: Colton Savings Bank, Colton State Bank, or any business house in Colton or any of our customers.

SHIPPING FACILITIES

Our shipping facilities are good, being located on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and the Great Northern railways, making direct connections with Sioux Falls, Watertown and Aberdeen. We have the American and Wells Fargo & Co., express companies at this point.

Please give shipping directions, whether by freight, express or mail, also route. If no directions are given we will forward to the best of our judgment, without assuming responsibility, as all goods travel at purchaser's risk and expense.

FREIGHT AND EXPRESS

Trees and shrubs go by special low rates by express in South Dakota, many instances it is cheaper than freight, we therefore advise express shipments in nearly every case, as it insures safe and quick delivery. We are giving you herewith express rates on nursery stock to various points in South Dakota.

Express rates from Colton per 100 lbs. to Aberdeen 55 cents; Alcester 40 cents; Canton 35 cents; Brookings 35 cents; Gettysburg 75 cents; Faulkton 55 cents; Gary 40 cents; Huron 35 cents; Mitchell 35 cents; Pierre 75 cents; Rapid City \$1.40; Watertown 35 cents; Salem 35 cents; Redfield 45 cents; Sioux Falls 30 cents; Miller 45 cents; Clear Lake 40 cents.

Hints on Handling, Planting and Care

Care When Received. When trees or plants are received from the nursery, give them your attention at once. Avoid any unnecessary exposure to sun or wind. Wet the roots thoroughly at once and heel them in the ground in some cool, moist place, until you are ready to plant. Cut the bands on the trees and plants and spread them out before heeling in, and pack dirt firmly around the roots. Let them remain heeled in or buried for a few days if the weather or ground is unfavorable. Do not wet the tops of evergreens or strawberries.

How and When to Plant. First see that the ground is thoroughly pulverized, then dig a hole large enough to receive the roots in a natural position without bending or



Our Home

cramping them. Now see that fine mellow earth is worked in around and between the roots, and firmly packed so that the tree will not be moved to and fro by the wind. Also remember that the roots cannot get hold of anything to start growth or subsist on unless they are firmly embedded in the soil and there is nothing better than good rich, mellow soil. If mulch or litter is to be used, let it be on the surface, not in direct contact with the roots.

After planting is done see that the surface soil around the tree for a good distance is not allowed to become baked and hard. It should be stirred after every rain or watering as soon as the water soaks away and the soil is in good, workable condition. Remember that thorough cultivation is important.

Pruning. Before setting, remove broken roots and nip back the others, and about one-half of the previous season's growth, on all branches execpt the main leader, should be cut off. This makes the tree well balanced, Keep watch on your trees while small and if limbs are rubbing, cut them out. Evergreens should never be root or top pruned.

Evergreens

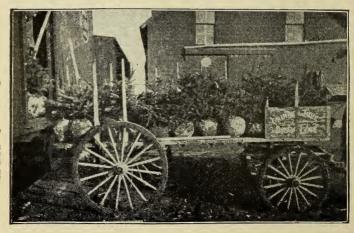
For the last twenty-six years we have been planting and growing evergreens for shelter and ornament as well as for sale. Our collection now embraces eighteen varieties, many of which have developed into thrifty, perfect specimens, admired by all visitors.

OUR TREES LIVE IN ALL KINDS OF SOIL.

We are not offering tender trees just out of the shade, but robust transplanted stock well rooted and used to the open sunlight. They will need no shade or extra petting. All we ask is that they be put out in land that would grow potatoes, and that the weeds be kept down about them. We defy any one to show us a farm soil where evergreens won't grow and thrive.

THE NORTH NEEDS EVERGREEN WINDBREAKS.

They branch low down, they keep their leaves when they are most needed to break the wind. They hold the snow drifts close to their sides instead of spreading them all over the home yards. They will move a man's home 300 miles South, comfort his family, shelter his stock from tormenting winter winds, fill the egg basket. Evergreens grow in the North, were made for the North, and everyone in the North who is doing without such a shelter is cheating himself.



Loading a car with burlapped Evergreens

We aim to furnish the best at right prices

OUR EVERGREENS ARE SUPERIOR

They have been transplanted from one to four times, and are grown with plenty of room, making them more stocky, with a finer root system and are much safer to transplant than most of the evergreens offered by other nurseries. Instead of putting out a half dozen specimens in front of the house, plant a hundred or more young transplanted trees, and arrange them where they will do service when grown up. No investment will bring more satisfactory returns. Our evergreens are all grown here without irrigation.

TEN SAFE RULES FOR SETTING EVERGREENS

1st. Have the land for them all marked or stacked out long before you expect the trees. The best condition of soil is just such as would be suitable for a crop of corn.

2nd. Take the trees from the station, and as soon as you get home put them in the house cellar, without opening the package.

3rd. Immediately prepare a large pail or tub half full of mud about the thickness of common paint. Take it to the cellar, unpack the trees and place them in the pail with their roots in the mud.

4th. Keeping the roots in the mud, take the pail of trees to the places marked for them and begin setting them one at a time, a little deeper than they stood in the nursery, and as fast as the holes are dug.

5th. Do not use water in setting, but throw in fine moist dirt next to the roots and with the feet pack the dirt solid as you fill the hole, leaving only an inch or two of loose dirt on top.

6th. Cultivate the ground all summer, keeping it clean and mellow, just like a good corn field, or if single trees set in your yard, keep a space 8 feet across mellow and free from grass and weeds.

7th. Use no manure. We have set evergreens in banks of clean sand and beds of pure clay with perfect success.

8th. Do not water them. But depend upon clean and regular cultivation.

9th. Chicken won't hurt them, but other stock must be kept away.

10th. Look Out! The roots of evergreens exposed to the sun and the air for a minute or two are likely to die. Colorado Blue Spruce. This evergreen is not only unsurpassed for beauty by any known species, but also perfectly hardy and well adapted to our conditions. No one will make a mistake in planting Blue Spruce. In color they vary from light silvery blue to dark green, all marvelous and good. Only a portion of the seedlings are real blue, hence we have to charge a higher price for the Blue specimens. This is one of the best varieties we have. Have all been transplanted from two to three times, making best trees that can be secured.

Green	Specimens—	
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	Si	ize		Each	Per 10	Per 100
12	to	18	in.	\$.35*	\$3.00	\$25.00
18	to	24	in.		4.00	35.00
24	to	30	in.		6.50	50.00
30	to	36	in.	1.00	9.00	75.00
3	to	4	ft.	2.00	18.00	
4	to	5	ft.			·····
	S	elec	teđ	Blue Specimens—		
	~	CICC	cou	Dide Specificals		
		ize	tea	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12		ze		*	Per 10 \$ 9.00	Per 100
	Si	ze 18	in.	Each		
18	Si to	18 24	in.	Each\$1.00	\$ 9.00	
18 24	to to	18 24 30	in. in. in.	Each\$1.00	\$ 9.00 14.00	\$130.00
18 24	to to to to	18 24 30 36	in. in. in.	Each\$1.00	$\begin{array}{c} \$ \ 9.00 \\ 14.00 \\ 18.00 \end{array}$	\$130.00 160.00
18 ² 4	to to to to	18 24 30 36	in. in. in. in.	Each\$1.00	\$ 9.00 14.00 18.00 23.00	\$130.00 160.00 200.00

Black Hills Spruce. This is the White Spruce as found in the Black Hills, but is hardier, of slower growth, and more compact in form. It stands drouth remarkably well and like all the spruces, transplants readily.

	S	ize		I	Each	Per 10	Per 100
8	to	12	in.	transplanted	.20	1.75	12.00
12	to	18	in.	transplanted	.30	2.50	22.50
18	to	24	in.	transplanted	.40	3.50	30.00
2	to	3	ft.	transplanted	.75	6.50	55.00
3	to	4	ft.	transplanted	1.50	12.50	
4	to	5	ft.	transplanted	2.25		

Granville, N. D., May 18, 1916.

Mr. Dybvig, Dear Sir: The strawberry plants got here in good order and I thank you very much. Respectfully,

A. J. LOFTESNES.



White Spruce growing at our Nursery

Douglas Spruce. Is a fine ornamental tree of graceful proportions, holds its pleasing color well the year around, is perfect in form as grown from Colorado seed. One of our most desirable evergreens both for ornamental and windbreak purposes. All twice transplanted.

White Spruce. A better and hardier tree than the Norway Spruce. Keeps its bright green color well the year around. We have some fine specimens growing on our grounds. All twice transplanted.

Prices for Douglas and White Spruce

	S	ize)	Each P	er 10	Per 100
12	to	18	in.		\$.25	\$2.00	\$18.00
18	to	24	in.		.30	2.50	23.00
2	to	3	ft.		.50	4.00	35.00
3	to	4	ft.		1.00	8.00	
4	to	5	ft.		1.25	10.00	
5	to	6	ft.		2.00	18.00	
6	to	8	ft.		2.50	20.00	
	Wri	te :	for	prices on larger	specimens.	100	

Balsam Fir. Raised from Rocky Mountain seed. No evergreen excels it in beauty when it is unfolding its new growth. Of more compact habit than the Eastern species. It has proved quite hardy, of value for ornamental purposes. All twice transplanted.

		Siz	e	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3	ft\$.40	\$3.50	\$25.00
3	to	4	ft	.75	6.00	40.00
4	to	5	ft	1.00	• • • •	
5	to	6	ft :	1.25		

Black Hills, Ponderosa, Western Yellow or Bull Pine, (Pinus Ponderosa). This is the hardiest of our Western pines, a native of the Black Hills. As it behaves here under cultivation, or literally stuck out in the sod and left without any care whatever, it has proved the prince of pines, hardy, vigorous, straight and sturdy, with very long sea green leaves holding their color well the year around.

We have a large stock of these pines this year in all sizes, and they are by far the best we ever raised. You will find that many Nurseries advertise these trees as being hard to transplant, we never had any trouble in this respect as we know how to handle them. All two and three times transplanted unless otherwise noted.

S	ize			Each	Per 10	Per 100	Per 1000
1 yea	r s	eedl	ings			\$1.25	\$10.00
Baby	tra	ansp	lants 3 yr			4.00	35.00
8 to	12	in.		.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
12 to	18	in.		.25	2.25	20.00	150.00
18 to	24	in.		.35	3.00	25.00	200.00
2 to	3	ft.		.50	4.50	40.00	325.00
3 to	4	ft.		1.00	9.00	75.00	
4 to	5	ft.		1.25	10.00		

Jack Pine. Very hardy and rapid grower, hence very desirable for windbreaks, not a very ornamental tree, owing to its peculiar habit of growth and the yellowish green color. The Black Hills and the Jack Pine are the two hardiest evergreens for the Dakotas, as both endure open exposure and dry seasons. Will do best on sandy soils. All twice transplanted.

	Size		Each	Per 10	Per 100	
6	to 12	in.	 \$.20	\$1.50	\$10.00	

Burlapping with Ball of Earth

When requested we will burlap each individual tree as dug with earth adhering. Trees taken up in this way

can be planted without removing the burlap, which will soon rot away in the ground and does no harm. Trees which are burlapped are pretty near sure to grow.

Additional charges for burlapping above catalog prices: 12 to 18 in., 10c each; 18 to 24 in., 20c each; 24 to 30 in., 25c each; 30 to 36 in., 30c each; 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; 4 to 5 ft., 50c each; 5 to 6 ft., 60c each.

If you have planted evergreens and have not gotten them to grow, try a fey of our burlapped ones and you will succeed.



Burlapped in Earth

Kensal, N. D., May 18, 1916.

MR. H. N. DYBVIG, Colton, S. D.

Dear Sir: Your evergreens arrived in fine condition. I am well pleased with them. Enclosed find draft to pay for same. Yours very truly, O. K. RONHOLM.

Our Evergreens won first premiums at the State Fair

Scotch Pine. Of rapid growth while young, and very easy to transplant and hardy, making it desirable for windbreaks.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100
12 to 18 in	.\$.25	\$2.00	\$16.00
18 to 24 in	30	2.50	20.00
2 to 3 ft	35	3.00	25.00
3 to 4 ft	75	6.00	• • • • •
4 to 5 ft	. 1.00	9.00	

White Pine. The most beautiful of all the pines. Is not hardy enough for general planting, but is valuable for variety. All three times transplanted.

Size				Each	Per 10	Per 100	
6	to	12	in.	 \$.20	\$1.50	\$10.00	
3	to	4	ft.	 75	6.50		
4	to	5	ft.	 1.00	9.00		
5	to	6	ft.	 1.25			
6	to	8	ft.	 2.00		• • • • •	

Dwarf Mountain Pine. It can hardly be called a tree as it only grows to the height of a few feet, and usually its breadth is as great, or greater, than its height. Hardy and handsome, ought to be more generally planted. Twice transplanted.

	Si	ize			Each	Per 10	Per 100
8	to	12	in.	diameter of tops	.25	\$2.00	\$15.00
12	to	18	in.		.35	2.50	20.00
18	to	24	in.		.50	4.00	• • • •
2	to	3	ft.		.75	6.50	• • • •
3	to	4	ft.		1.25		• • • •

American Arborvitae. Quite desirable for hedges in certain localities, but not hardy enough for general planting here.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4 to 8 in.	\$.10	\$.75	\$ 5.00
8 to 12 in.		1.50	10.00

Clark, S. D., April 29, 1916.

DYBVIG NURSERY, Colton, S. D.

Dear Sir: The trees I ordered from your nursery came and they are certainly fine. Many thanks for the roots and bulbs. Next year I am hoping to send in a larger order, for your trees have done splendid here.

Respectfully, L. F. CHERINGTON.

Apples

Location of an Orchard. The eastern and northern slopes are the most preferable. The east and north side of a grove answers the same purpose. Avoid a steep southern slope or the south side of a grove.

Wind Breaks. It is best not to have too dense a windbreak around the orchard, but give a little air drainage. It is most important to have the shelter on the south and west sides. Do not plant windbreak trees too near the orchard to sap and shade the ground. Remember, the roots extend as far as the height of the tree or farther.

Crooked Trees. Many people are prejudiced against crooked trees and hence, we wish to say, that if you desire straight, pretty trees, buy those termed upright growers. As a rule the varieties that grow crooked in the nursery make the best orchard trees, as they are always spreading growers that shade their own stems, and are not liable to split down when loaded with fruit. It is not at all necessary that a first-class tree should be straight and prettily branched. Some of the best varieties never grow that way, but are always crooked and gnarly in the nursery.

Bear in mind that the trunk of a tree does not increase in length as it grows older, as some suppose. That is, a tree that has limbs two feet from the ground when planted, the same limbs will never be any higher.

Do not let the tree throw up water sprouts continually from near the ground, thereby robbing the main tree. Avoid cutting large limbs as much as possible, but attend to shaping the tree while the limbs are small.

Duchess of Oldenberg. Large, beautifully colored, well-known and highly prized for cooking. Tree very hardy, healthy and a sure, early and abundant bearer. The best early fall apple.

Yellow Transparent. Of Russian origin. Tree a good upright grower and very hardy, a young abundant bearer; fruit medium size, round and when fully ripe, pale yellow, flesh tender and juicy. Season August.

Anisim (Russian). Tree fully as hardy as Wealthy, and free from blight. A strong grower, but not very straight. A good bearer of medium size, fine flavored and bright red fruit. Season, late fall or early winter.

Flowers and trees add to the attraction of the home

Okabena. Origin Minnesota. Season, August-to October. Vigorous, absolutely hardy, and an ideal orchard tree in every respect. Bears very young, and a good crop may be depended upon. Fruit medium to large; yellow, striped and splashed with carmine, which is heavy on sunside; flesh yellowish-white, fine grained, crisp and juicy; flavor slightly sub-acid; quality excellent. Ripens after Duchess and valuable in market on that account. A seed-ling of the Dutchess and an excellent dessert apple.

Hibernal, (Russian). Without doubt the hardiest of all the well tested varieties. The tree is spreading in habit and is considerable hardier than the Duchess. The fruit is large to very large, green overcoat with red, excellent for cooking, and very good for table use when fully ripe. Valuable for the far north and severe locations. Season, October to December.

Patten's Greening. Very large, greenish yellow, quality good, season same as Hibernal. Tree ranks in hardiness with the Wealthy and bears very early and abundantly, spreading grower.

Wealthy. The famous Minnesota seedling. Large, beautiful red; quality very good; season, October to January. Tree very hardly, early and prolific bearer, upright grower. This is yet the best variety in its season.

Northwestern Greening. Very large, green, smooth of very good quality, keeps till spring. The tree is a fine grower in the nursery, but one liable to kill back more or less here in severe winters and like all winter apples is late in coming into bearing.

Malinda. Tree quite hardy here. A medium grower, fruit of medium to large size, conically shaped; color greenish yellow, sometimes slightly tinged with red; quality first class and an excellent keeper. It has done real well with us and we think it ought to be more largely planted. Season, January to June.

Crabs and Hybrids

Whitney No. 20. This being a hybrid the fruit runs very large. It ripens early and is of fine quality for any use. Tree an upright grower, hardy and healthy, but does not bear very young.

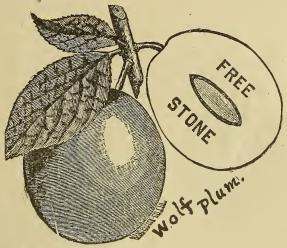
Florence. This is one of the best all around crabs. Hardy, productive, medium size, acid and finely colored. Quite free from blight, but some subject to scab in wet seasons.

Hyslop. An old and well-known crab; a good grower and very hardy; fruit large size, deep crimson in color; flesh white, tinged with red; abundant bearer; sometimes blights. Season, September to December.

Prices on Apples and Crabs

		Siz	ze	• •	E	ach	Per 10	Per 100
3	to	4	ft.		\$.	20	\$1.50	\$11.00
4	to	5	ft.			25	2.00	16.00
5	to	6	ft.			30	2.50	20.00

We can also supply in limited quantities: Charlamoff, Iowa Beauty, Longfield, Wolf River, Peerless, Virginia and Transcendant.



Plums

Wolf. This we consider the best and most reliable medium late variety. The fruit runs large if thinned out, and is very free from diseases and insect's injuries.

Wyant. Spreading thrifty grower. Fruit large, red, good quality and handles well. Ripens before the De Soto and is rapidly taking the lead.

Forest Garden. Fruit large, sweet, ripens medium early. Tree a rampant grower and productive. Stands drought better than most varieties.

De Soto. Spreading grower, does well on most all soils. Fruit good size and quality, yellow turning to red, very liable to overbear, and fruit must be thinned. A very popular variety.

We furnish 5 at 10; 50 at 100 and 500 at 1000 rates

Terry. A very choice newer sort, extra large fruit, bright red overcoat with blue, very productive and of good quality. A variety that deserves a generous planting.

\$	Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to	4 ft.	 .\$.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
4 to	5 ft.	 35	3.00	22.00
5 to	6 ft.	 50	4.00	32.00

Prof. N. E. Hansen's New Hybrids

Sapa. This is a cross between the native sand cherry and Japanese plum. The tree is plum-like in habit; one year trees in nursery have many fruit buds; the fruit has the glossy dark purple skin, and the rich dark purple flesh of its Japanese sire, size one and three-eighths inches in diameter. Season extremely early.



Opata Plum

Opata. This is also a cross between the native sand cherry and Japanese plum. The tree is plum-like in habit, of vigorous growth, and forms fruit buds freely on one year old shoots in the nursery; foliage large and glossy, fruit, one and three- sixteenths inches in diameter, dark purplish-red and blue bloom: weight, one-half ounce: flesh. green, firm; flavor, very pleasant. Excellent for eating out of hand. It has a thin skin and very small pit. Both the Sapa and the Opata were introduced in 1908

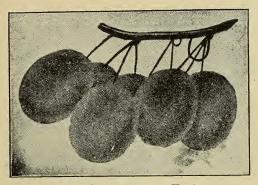
and have proven entirely hardy so far. We think they are worthy of trial.

Hanska. This is a cross between a wild Northwestern plum and a very large firm fleshed, fragrant apricot plum of China Prunus Simoni, and popular in the orchards of California; fruit about 1½ inches in diameter. The flat shape of this plum and its peculiar red color with its heavy blue bloom distinguishes it from all other hardy plums grown in the northwest. Tree a very strong grower and very hardy. An early profuse bearer; quality good.

Inkpa. Is a cross between a seedling of our wild Northwestern plums and a very fine firm fleshed, fragrant apricot plum of China, and popular in the orchards of California. In fruit the Inkpa closely resembles its Chinese parent in form, color, fragrance, quality and firmness of flesh; the size, however, is smaller being only one and one-half inches in diameter, but the pit is very small. When cooked the strong apricot flavor is brought out to perfection, entirely unlike any other plum. The flat shape also distinguishes it from all the other hardy plums grown in the Northwest.

Prices on the New Hansen's Hybrids

Siz	e	F	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4	ft.	\$.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
4 to 5	ft.		.50	4.50	40.00
5 to 6	ft.		.60	5.00	45.00



Branch of Compass Fruit

Compass Cherry Plum

This is a cross between the native plum and the sand cherry, and is in reality a plum not a cherry, although the fruit has some of the cherry flavor. The tree is perfectly hardy and wonderfully productive, commencing to bear the second year from planting. Fruit is somewhat smaller than most of our native plums. Highly recommended by many and generally liked by those who have planted it.

	Siz	ze		Each	Per 10	Per 100
3	to 4	ft.	 	\$.35	\$3.00	\$20.00
4	to 5	ft.	 	.40	3.50	25.00
5	to 6	ft.	 	.50	4.00	30.00

The trees you sent me were splendid ones. Thank you.—Lewis Conklin, Arlington, S. D., 5-15-1916.

Currants

Most all kinds of currants do well and should be liberally planted. They are perfectly hardy and never fail to yield a crop. If currant worm appear, dust with powered Hellebore.



Perfection Currants.

London Market. A choice red variety, very productive and large.

Victoria.. Red, medium large and of good quality. The bush is a fine upright grower and good bearer

White Grape. Best white variety. Should be more planted as no variety is sweeter and better for table use.

Size Each Per Per 10 100 2 year No. 1 \$.15 \$1.00 \$7.00

Perfection. This new variety has so many superior points that it is rightly named Perfection. A bright red, mild acid, very large berry, prolific and healthy.

 Size
 Each
 Per
 Per

 10
 100

 2-year No. 1 \$.25
 \$2.00
 \$15.00

 GOOSEBERRIES.

Houghton. A medium sized American variety; bears abundant and regular crops and never mildews, fruit smooth, red, tender and very good.

2 year No. 1—15c each; \$1.25 per 10; \$8.00 per 100.

Carrie. Introduced by Wyman Elliott, of Minneapolis, Minn. A strong vigorous grower and wonderfully prolific; perfectly healthy and free from mildew; very hardy, fruit good size and of excellent quality. It is indeed a very promising variety, try it.

2 year No. 1....25c each; \$2.00 per 10; \$10.00 per 100

Grapes

Beta. This perfectly hardy early black grape will do well here where it is hard to raise the other tender vari-

eties. It will stand our winters without covering, but should be cut back the same as other varieties in order to keep up the size of the fruit. Its thrift, hardiness and productiveness make it the best all around sort for general planting in this locality.

Raspberries

Ohta. Introduced by Prof. N. E. Hansen, of Brookings, S. D., in the spring of 1912. It is a cross of a wild red raspberry from the Cavalier County, North Dakota and the Minnetonka Ironclad.

The Ohta raspberry is hardy and very productive. Fruit a beautiful red, fairly firm, of good quality. The canes have red-tinted leaves at the tips. As fruited here the Ohta appears sufficiently large for commercial purposes and the bright red color makes the fruit very attractive. The berries run about sixteen to the ounce, with only fair cultivation on open exposed upland prairies. The plants are hardy without winter protection. The Ohta has stood very good with us and we think it worthy of trial.

\$1.00 per 10. \$6.00 per hundred.

Sunbeam. Also introduced by Prof. Hansen. It is perfectly hardy as it will stand on the open without any protection; the fruit is red, of good quality; and fair size. This is without doubt the best of all the well tested varieties. 50c per 10; \$4.00 per 100; \$25.00 per 1000.

Buffalo Berry

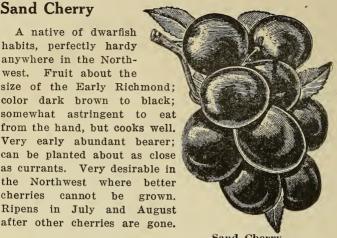
Bryant, S. D., May 24, 1916.

Kind Sir: The evergreens you sent arrived in fine shape and am sending you a check for the same. They were set immediately upon their arrival and a rain came the same evening and they are shooting along fine. I superintended the planting myself. We have about 400 growing now, all from your nursery and some are 7 to 8 ft., in height and look fine.

Yours respectfully, MRS. GUTH.

Sand Cherry

A native of dwarfish habits, perfectly hardy anywhere in the Northwest. Fruit about the size of the Early Richmond: color dark brown to black; somewhat astringent to from the hand, but cooks well. Very early abundant bearer; can be planted about as close as currants. Very desirable in the Northwest where better cherries cannot be grown. Ripens in July and August



Sand Cherry.

Choke Cherries. A native that is extremely hardy and a prolific bearer, the fruit although rather small and astringent, is valuable to grow where better varieties will not succeed.

3 to 4 ft., 15c each; \$1.00 per 10; 4 to 5 ft. 20c each, \$1.50 per 10.

Rhubarb or Pie Plant

This deserves to be ranked among the best early fruits of the garden. It affords the earliest material for pies and tarts, continues long in use and is valuable for canning. Plant in rich deeply plowed land. A heavy mulch is beneficial and saves cultivation. Fertilize well.

Mammoth. A very large, early, desirable sort, tender and fine flavored. Large divided roots.

15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Webster, S. D., 5-4-1916.

DYBVIG NURSERY CO., Colton, S. D.

Gents: Enclosed please find check for 3 Col. Blue Spruce, they were fine think you had to do some picking. I hope they grow and if they do will want some more next spring, and lots of the neighbors admired them.

Respectfully, T. E. HAUGEN.

Asparagus

This is very easily raised and affords one of the earliest garden foods. Plant 2 to 4 feet apart in deep, rich soil, and give good hardy mulch or thorough cultivation.

Conover's Colossal. This is a very well known, valuable garden and market sort; a strong grower and very productive; the leading market sort.

2 year strong plants 40c per 25; \$1.25 per 100;



Strawberries

Plant in rows four feet apart, with plants two feet apart in the row. In planting, great care should be taken to get roots well down in the ground, but don't plant too deep that the crown of the plant will be covered with dirt by rain. If you do, they will rot and die. Mulch late in fall, after the ground is frozen, with hay or cornstalks to avoid foul seed which are so numerous in straw.

Keep roots moist while planting by carrying them in a pail having thin mud in it. Cultivate as soon after as possible and at least once a week through the season. Pick off the blossoms and allow none to mature the first season, as it weakens the plant. Staminate varieties bear by themselves, but the pistillates require staminate variety every third to fourth row to make them productive. We therefore advise the farmer to plant the staminate varieties as you are surer of a crop. We only have staminate varieties.

PROGRESSIVE EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

These are wonders and have come to stay. We have tested them for four years and recommend them very highly to everyone who has a small or large piece of ground to put them on.

The plants are much like the Dunlap, blooms well,

protected by the foliage, give good pickings from June until November, depending upon the season.

Plant the same as others and keep off all buds and blossoms until August, from which date you may start to pick your fruit.

\$1.00 per 25; \$3.00 per 100; \$25.00 per 1000.

Senator Dunlap. This is the best all around berry, both for home use and for market.

South Dakota No. 1. This is one of Prof. Hansen's crosses on wild strawberry. The plant is very vigorous grower and hardy without winter protection. It is also a staminate variety and will bear alone. Berries hardly up to the average in size, but are very sweet and of good quality.

35c per 25; \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1000. By mail prepaid, 40c per 25; \$1.10 per 100.

Shade and Ornamental Trees

All shade and ornamental trees we offer are all nursery grown and transplanted.

Green Ash. This is the best species for the Northwest, and the native of our lakes and rivers.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 ft	.\$.15	\$1.00	\$ 5.50
4 to 5 ft	20	1.50	9.00
5 to 6 ft	. ,30	2.50	12.00
6 to 8 ft	40	3.50	25.00
8 to 10 ft	60	5.00	35.00
$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 in. Caliper	9 0	7.50	60.00
2 to 2½ in. Caliper	. 1.25	10.00	
2½ to 3 in. Caliper	. 1.50	13.00	

White Elm. One of our best trees for general planting for shade or street tree.

	S	ize						Each	Per 10	Per 100
3	to	4	ft.				 	 \$.15	\$1.25	\$10.00
4	to	5	ft.				 	 .20	1.50	12.50
5	to	6	ft.				 	 .30	2.50	18.00
6	to	8	ft.				 	 .50	4.00	30.00
8	to	10	ft	t			 	 .75	7.00	40.00
10	to	12	ft				 	 1.10	10.00	75.00
2	to	2	/2	in.	Cali	per		 1.50	14.00	
2 1/2	to	5	3	in.	Cali	per		 2.25	20.00	• • • •



The Ash Shade Tree

Box Elder. A hardy rapid shade tree and also useful in timber planting to mix with the more valuable sorts.

	TIT 01	TIL N	CI P	TOTA CIT	18 CO	111122	WILL	LUC	more	Taraabic	DOI UD.
,		Siz	ze					Each	P	er 10	Per 100
	3 to	4	ft.					.15	9	\$1.00	\$5.50
	4 to	5	ft.					.20		1.50	9.00
	5 to	6	ft.					.25		2.00	14.00
	6 to	8	ft.					.40		3.00	
	1 1/2	to	2	in.	Calip	er .		.75		6.00	
	2	to	2 1/2	in.	Calip	er .		1.00		9.00	
	2 1/2	to	3	in.	Calip	er .		1.50		13.00	

Soft Maple. A rapid grower and largely used for street and grove plantings. The trees should be watched while young so that they will not form bad crotches that will split down. A good shade tree.

	\$	Siz	ze -	Each.	Per 10	Per 100
3	to	4	ft	.15	\$1.25	\$10.00
4	to	5	ft	.20	1.65	13.00
5	to	6	ft	.35	3.00	25.00
6	to	8	ft	.50	4.25	30.00
8	to	10	0 ft	.75	6.00	45.00

Carolina Poplar. A very rapid growing, soft wooded tree resembling the cottonwood somewhat, but has a larger leaf, and much thicker and more spreading top and is hardier.

Norway Poplar. A very rapid growing tree resembling the Carolina very much, but we consider it a better tree. Ours are the genuine.

Prices Carolina and Norway Poplar

Siz	e	Each	Per 10
3 to 4	ft	.\$.15	\$.75
4 to 5	ft	20	1.25
5 to 6	ft	25	2.00
6 to 8	ft	30	2.50
8 to 10	ft	40	3.00
10 to 3	12 ft	60	5.00

Balm of Gilead. A rapid growing form of the Poplar, having very large leaves and balsamy buds. Seems to be especially at home in the North. Valuable in timber or grove plantings. 4 to 5 ft. 25c each, 5 to 6 ft. 35c each, \$3.00 per 10; 6 to 8 ft. 40c each; 8 to 10 ft. 50c each.

Cottonwood.—Young transplanted stock.

Si	ze Eac	h Per 10	Per 100
to 3	ft	. \$.50	\$2.00
to 4	ft\$.10	.75	3.00
to 6	ft	5 1.00	4.00
to 8	ft	1.50	7.00
to 1	0 ft	2.25	12.50
	to 3 to 4 to 6 to 8	to 3 ft	to 3 ft. \$.50 to 4 ft. \$.10 .75 to 6 ft. .15 1.00 to 8 ft. .20 1.50

Russian Golden Willow. Similar to the Common Golden except that the bark is more of a reddish shade; it is fully as strong a grower and is more hardy and will stand as for north as Manitoba.

Size	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 ft	\$.10	\$.50	\$2.00
3 to 4 ft		.75	4.00
4 to 5 ft		1.25	7.50
5 to 6 ft		2.00	10.00
8 to 10 ft		3.50	25.00

Lane, S. D., June 8, 1916.

Mr. H. N. DYBVIG, Colton, S. D.

Dear Sir: Received the 50 Buckthorn via mail in good condition and they are all on the job and coming fine.

Truly yours, H. M. HARDEN.

Laurel Leaved Willow. Its fine growth and thick glossy leaves, which glisten in the sunshine, makes it very handsome. Valuable as an ornamental and also for windbreaks. The wood is said to be more valuable than the White Willow.

18 to 24 in., 50c per 10; \$2.00 per 100; \$15.00 per 1000.

2 to 4 ft., \$1.00 per 10; \$3.00 per 100; \$20.00 per 1000.

Black Walnuts. This tree if grown from nuts raised in the far Northwest does well here on deep soils and should be more largely planted. All the trees we offer, have been raised from seed grown here, and have been transplanted twice giving them much better root system than they generally have, and are surer to grow.

	1	Siz	e	Each	Per 10	Per 100
4	to	5	ft.		\$3.00	\$25.00
5	to	6	ft.		4.00	35.00
6	to	8	ft.		6.50	

Wild Black Cherry. Hardy, rapid grower; bears fruit abundantly when quite young. The wood ranks next to the Black Walnut in commercial value; very desirable for timber. Makes a handsome lawn tree. Bears white blossoms in racemes in early spring, and ripens in abundant crop of fruit in August. Fruit about the size of a large pea; valuable for the birds and some culinary uses. A very desirable tree.

Size	E	lach Per	10 Per 10	0
3 to 4 ft	\$.20 \$1	.50 \$10.0	0
4 to 5 ft		.25 2	.00 15.0	0
5 to 6 ft		.30 2	.50 20.0	0
6 to 8 ft		.40 3	.50 25.0	0
8 to 10 ft.		.65 5	.50 45.0	0

Buckeye. A very desirable round topped tree for ornamental planting. It resembles the Horse Chestnut very much, but is much hardier. Fine foliage and yellow flowers. 3 to 4 ft. 50c each; 4 to 5 ft. 65c each; 5 to 6 ft., 75c each.

Kentucky Coffee Tree. Hardy and fine, a native of our state.

3 to 4 ft. 40c each; 4 to 5 ft. 50c each; 5 to 6 ft. 75c each.



Burr Oak

Burr Oak. A very hardy long-lived tree, but rather slow grower. Foliage deeply lobed and the largest and most beautiful among the Oak leaves. It is very desirable as a variety on the lawn or yard. All twice transplanted.

	1	Siz	ze	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3	ft.	 \$.20	\$1.50	\$10.00
3	to	4	ft.	 .25	2.00	18.00
4	to	5	ft.	 .35	3.00	25.00
- 5	to	6	ft.	 .50	4.00	35.00
6	to	8	ft.	 .65	5.50	45.00
8	to	10	ft	 1.00	8.50	• • • • •

We have many things that are not listed

Basswood or American Linden. A fine lawn and shade tree. Native along the Missouri River. The blossoms are very fragrant and sweet.

4 to 5 ft., 40c each; 5 to 6 ft., 50c each; 6 to 8 ft., 75c each; \$6.00 per 10; 8 to 10 ft., \$1.00 each.

European Mountain Ash. A fine, hardy little tree, if the body is given protection against the direct rays of the sun, by allowing to branch low or otherwise.

5 to 6 ft., 35c each; \$3.00 per 10; 6 to 8 ft., 50c each; \$4.00 per 10; 8 to 10 ft., 75c each.

Japan Tree Lilac. Grows 25 to 30 feet high, without any sprouts or suckers. It does not attain blooming age as soon as other lilacs. Blossoms white, produced in June.

3 to 4 ft., 50c each; 4 to 5 ft., 75c each.

Honey Locust. A beautiful, rapid growing tree. Bears beautiful fragrant blossoms in spring, followed by large bean-like pods, containing seed very similar to small brown beans. This tree stands well in this locality.

		Siz	ze		Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3	ft.		.20	\$1.25	\$5.00
3	to	4	ft.		.25	1.50	7.00
4	to	5	ft.		.30	2.00	12.50
5	to	6	ft.	,	.40	3.00	15.00

Rowe, S. D., May 28, 1916.

MR. DYBVIG, Colton, S. D.

Dear Sir: The trees came in fine condition also the strawberries. Many thanks for the extra evergreen and also the strawberry plants.

Trees are all looking fine at present. One cherry tree had several blossoms on it and the strawberry plants are budding all the time.

The ground is very wet now and I can see no reason why they will not all grow.

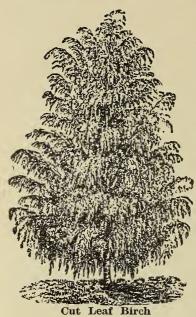
Respectfully MRS. F. T. ELDRIDGE.

Hudson, S. D., 5-30-1916.

DYBVIG NURSERY CO., Colton, S. D.

Dear Sirs: The Evergreens and trees arrived in fine shape and am more than pleased with them, all seem to be growing nicely am inclosing check to cover bill.

Very truly yours, E. W. BAUMGARTNER.



Weeping Trees

Cut Leaf Weeping Birch. This is the most beautiful of all the deciduous trees that we grow, and they are hardy and well adapted to our climate, and are elegant for lawns and cemeteries. Should be in every collection.

4 to 5 ft., \$1.00 each; 5 to 6 ft., \$1.25; 6 to 8 ft., \$1.50; 8 to 10 ft., \$2.00 each.

Niobe Weeping Willow. Introduced by Prof. Hansen. Extremely rapid grower, yellow bark of weeping habit, it is the hardiest of all the weeping willows we have tested.

3 to 4 ft., 20c each; 4 to 5 ft., 25c each; 5 to 6 ft., 35c each; 6 to 8 feet, 50c each.

North Star Weeping Willow. This is a very desirable variety, being perfectly hardy as far north as Manitoba. A strong rank grower, similar in habit of growth to the Niobe, and fully as hardy, but color of bark is decidedly different, being a brownish green. Very valuable for the Northwest.

2 to 3 ft., 25c each; 3 to 4 ft., 30c each; 4 to 5 ft., 35c each.

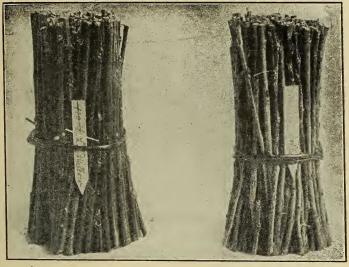
Forest Seedlings

GIGGH	ASH,	14	w	10	111	• • • •	φ τ. υ υ
Green	Ash,	18	to	24	in	1.00	7.00
Green	Ash,	2	to	3	ft	1.25	10.00
Green	Ash,	3	to	4	ft	2.00	15.00
Box E	llder.	12	to	18	in	.60	5.00

Box Elder, 18 to 24 in	1.00	7.50
Box Elder, 2 to 3 ft	1.50	11.00
Box Elder, 3 to 4 ft	2.00	15.00
White Elm, 12 to 18 in	.60	4.50
White Elm, 18 to 24 in	1.00	7.50
White Elm, 2 to 3 ft	1.50	11.00
Soft Maple, 12 to 18 in	.50	4.00
Soft Maple, 18 to 24 in	.75	6.00
Soft Maple, 2 to 3 ft	1.25	10.00
Wild Black Cherry, 12 to 18 in	.60	5.00
Wild Black Cherry, 18 to 24 in	1.00	7.00
Wild Black Cherry, 2 to 3 ft	1.25	10.00
Russian Mulberry, 12 to 18 in	.75	6.00
Russian Mulberry, 18 to 24 in	1.00	8.00
Black Walnut, 6 to 12 in	1.00	8.00
Black Walnut, 12 to 18 in	1.25	10.00

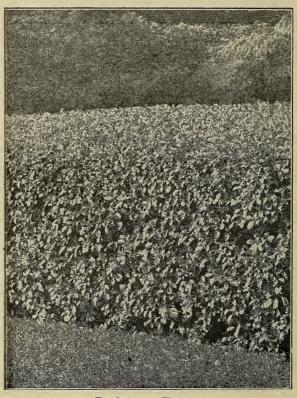
Cuttings

Cuttings will be cut about 8 to 9 inches in length and tied in bunches of 100 each with tops all one way. Keep cuttings buried in earth until ready to plant.



4	Per 100	Per 1000
Russian Golden Willow	\$.40	\$2.50
Common Golden Willow	40	2.50
Niobe Weeping Willow	50	3.00

			.35	2.00
Laurel Leaf Willow			.40	2.50
Carolina Poplar			.40	2.50
Norway Poplar			,50	3.00
Silvery Leaf Poplar			.50	3.00
Russian Artemesia		• • • • • •	.40	2.50
Hedge Plants				
		F	er 10	Per 100
English Blackthorn,				\$5.00
English Buckthorn,	18 to 24 in		1.25	7.00



Buckthorn Hedge

Russian Olive,	12 to 18	3 in	50	2.50
Russian Olive,	18 to 24	l in		3.00
Siberian Pea Tr	ree, (Ca	ragana) 6-	-12 in50	3.00

Siberia Pea Tree, 12 to 18 in	.75	4.00
Siberian Pea Tree, 18 to 24 in	1.00	5.00
Spirea Van Houti, 18 to 24 in	1.25	4.00
Spirea, Van Houti, 2 to 3 ft	1.50	9.00
Spirea Van Houti, 3 to 4 ft	2.50	15.00
Honeysuckle, Tartarian, 12 to 18 in.,	.75	5.00
Honeysuckle Tartarian, 18 to 24 in	1.00	8.00
Barberry, Common, 12 to 18 in	1.25	10.00
Barberry, Common, 18 to 24 in	1.50	12.50
Barberry, Purple Leaved, 12 to 18 in	1.25	10.00
Barberry, Purple Leaved, 18 to 24 in	1.50	12.50
Barberry, Thumbergii, 12 to 18 in	1.25	10.00
Barberry, Thumbergii, 18 to 24 in	1.50	12.50

Flowering Shrubs

Lilac, Persian Red. Blossoms when young, does not sucker to be objectionable and makes a handsome bush, very good. 3 to 4 ft., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Lilac, Purple Common. A common, good lilac, very profuse bloomer. 2 to 3 ft., 20c each; 3 to 4 ft., 25c each.

Lilac, Common White. Cream-colored flowers. 2 to 3 feet 25c each.

For Japan Tree Lilac, see Shade and Ornamental Trees.

Spirea

Bumulda. A spreading low bush with dark leaves brightened by heads of pretty light pink flowers in May, and at intervals all summer. Strong plants 25c each.

Anthony Waterer. Same as above with Crimson flowers. Strong plants 35c each.

Callosa Alba. Same as the above with white flowers. Strong plants 35c each.

Arguta. The earliest of the Spireas to bloom; blossoms white, pretty, small foliage, hardy, and a fine ornamental shrub. 2 to 3 ft. 25c; 3 to 4 ft. 35c each.



Sorbifolia. Hardy and unfolds its leaves early in the spring, flowers white produced on the terminal branches in July; leaves resemble those of the Mountain Ash, spreads some. 2 to 3 ft., 25c each.

Prunifolia. A choice double white sort. Blooms just before the Van Houti. 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 35c; large clumps, 75c each.



Spirea Van Houti

Van Houti. (Bridal Wreath). Covered with white blossoms the latter part of May. Bush hardy and of good habit. Very desirable for single specimens as well as for choice hedges. 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 30c; 4 to 5 ft. 40c; for prices on smaller ones, see Hedge Plants. Large clumps, \$1 each.

Syringa—Philadelphus, Mock Orange. A grand variety of strong growth and hardy here. The white sweet scented blossoms are produced in great abundance in June. Strong plants, 35c each; 4 to 5 ft. 50c each.

Philadelphus Aurea (Golden Mock Orange). A dwarf variety of the above, having rich yellow foliage in the sunlight, fragrant and very free bloomer. Strong plants 50c each.

Cut-leaved Elder. A variety with very handsome and striking foliage and would be worthy of cultivation for its foliage alone without any of its other strong points.

2 to 3 ft., 25c each; 3 to 4 ft., 35c each; 4 to 5 ft., 50c each.

Evergreen windbreaks on the farm make it home like

Sumach. A low or medium sized shrub, native of this state. It is perfectly hardy and its clusters of small red fruit with its bright foliage in autumn makes it quite desirable. 2 to 3 ft., 25c each; 3 to 4 ft., 35c each; \$2.00 per 10; 4 to 5 ft., 40c each.

English Buckthorn. This shrub has been thoroughly tested in this state and found perfectly hardy and reliable and the foliage is bright green and holds on late in the fall. It stands pruning well and is admirably adapted for hedges.

		Siz	ze]	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2	to	3	ft.	\$.20	\$1.50	
3	to	4	ft.		25	2.00	
4	to	5	ft.		.40	3.00	• • • • •
5	to	6	ft.		.50	4.00	

Dogwood. A desirable and hardy strong growing native shrub; grows to a height of 10 to 12 ft. Its bright red bark and delicate foliage make it beautiful both summer and winter. It is covered with delicate clusters of white flowers in summer, followed by white waxy berries which stay on till hard frost in the fall.

3 to 4 ft., 25c each; \$2.00 per 10; 4 to 5 ft., 35c each; \$3.00 per 10.

High Bush Cranberry. Very similar in appearance to the Snowball, they are hardy and very beautiful in the fall when covered with its large clusters of red berries, they are acid, valuable for jelly.

2 to 3 ft., 30c each.

Honeysuckle, Tartarian Pink. Very hardy, strong growing and attractive shrub which bears a profusion of pink flowers in early spring, followed by bright red berries which hang on for a considerable time.

3 to 4 ft., 25c; 4 to 5 ft., 35c each.

H. W. ROSS LUMBER CO. Sioux Falls, S. D., May 12, 1916.

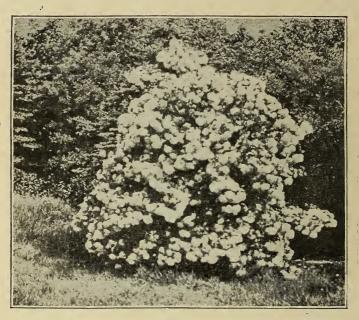
DYBVIG NURSERY, Colton, S. D.

Dear Sirs: Enclosed please find check for in payment for shrubbery reecutly sent to me.

Same came through in nice shape and hope I will be successful in making it grow.

Thanking you very kindly for your promptness in making shipment, I am Yours very truly, CHR-IF (Signed) C. H. ROSS.

Snowball. A hardy well known showy shrub. Attains a height of 8 to 10 ft. Produces its showy white flowers in large balls or masses in June. One of our very best shrubs. 2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft. 35c each.



Snowball in Bloom. This bush is 10 feet high.

BARBERRY

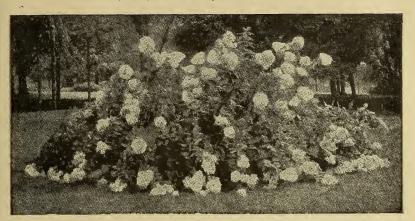
Barberry, Common. A handsome shrub with yellow flowers in May or June, followed by orange scarlet fruit. Green Foliage. 2 to 3 ft., 20c each; 3 to 4 ft., 30c each.

Barberry Japanese. (Berberis Thunbergii.) A native of Japan. It is quite hardy here. Its low, very dense habit, attractive red fruit and scarlet fall coloring of leaves make it very desirable for dwarf hedges and borders. 18 to 24 in., 25c each; 2 to 3 ft., 35c each.

Barberry, Purple Leaved. An interesting variety of the common Barberry. When planted in the full sunlight the leaves are of a deep purple color. Bears an edible fruit, very desirable and easy to make live. 18 to 24 in., 25c each; 2 to 3 ft., 35c each. Artemesia, Russian. This is a strong and vigorous type of the shrub commonly known as "Old Man." 25c each; 10 for \$2.00.

Hydrangea Paniculata Grandiflora. One of the most popular of all the shrubs. Blooms in August and September, when we have few shrubs in bloom. Flowers are white, borne in pryamid panicles often a foot in height.

2 to 3 ft., 25c; 3 to 4 ft., 35c each.



Hydrangea

Bechtel's Double Flowering Crab. Double pink flowers as large as Crimson Rambler Rose, every spring, perfectly hardy. 3 to 4 ft., 50c each.

Ornamental Climbing Vines

Virginia Creeper (American Ivy.) Hardy and good everywhere, very desirable for walls, verandas, etc.

Strong plants, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Ivy Engleman's. Has shorter joints and finer foliage than the American Ivy and clings to brick and stone walls better. A good, strong grower, and very hardy. Strong plants 30c each; two for 50 cents; \$2.00 per 10.

Scarlet Trumpet Honeysuckle. The scarlet trumpetshaped blossoms are produced from spring until ground freezes in the fall. Foliage almost evergreen. A good climber.

Strong plants, 25c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Flowers and trees add to the attraction of the home

Bittersweet. A hardy native climber, has yellow flowers in summer, followed by orange-colored berries in autumn, which open late in the fall and expose the showy red fruits or seeds, similar to those of the Wahoo. Very pretty and easily grown. Each 25c; two for 40c.

Chinese Matrimony Vine. A rapid-growing, trailing shrub, having small lavender flowers throughout the summer, followed by crimson berries. An old favorite.

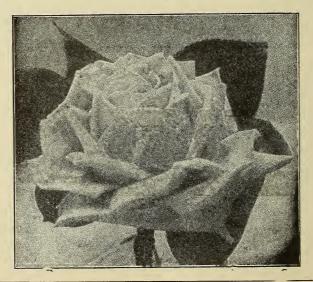
25c each; two for 40 cents.

We also carry different varieties of Clematic, Wistaria, etc., in stock.

Roses

Roses do best in rich, well-drained soils and sunny locations. The varieties offered are the hardiest and most desirable of the various colors for the North. Most of them should be laid down and covered either with earth, or leaves or ordinary horse manure. Do not uncover too early in the spring. We aim to sell only the hardiest sorts on their own roots.

All roses should be cut back some when planted. The Hybrid Perpetuals especially should be cut back to about 6 or 8 inches from the ground.



Everbearing Strawberries are sure to please

HYBRID PERPETUAL

Frau Karl Druschki. The best pure white perpetual bloomer, a vigorous grower and bloomer.

Paul Neyron. Deep pink, double, very fragrant, blooms all summer; flowers are the largest of any variety.

Clio. A very fine, large, flesh pink variety. Vigorous healthy and free bloomer.

Prince Camille De Rohan. One of the darkest colored roses. A very prolific bloomer, and flowers are of excellent form and size.

Ulrich Brunner. Splendid upright grower; with bright healthy foliage. The flowers are good size and of fine form with shell shaped petals. One of the most abundant bloomers; color, cherry red.

Mrs. John H. Laing. A favorite sort, with satiny flowers of soft clear pink, remarkably free and continuous. One of our best.

General Jacqueminot. Holds first place among the dark red roses.

Prices for Hybrid Perpetuals. 2 year No. 1 strong, 35c each; 2 for 60c; Collection of 5, our choice \$1.25; Collection of all seven \$1.75.

HYBRID RUGOSA ROSES

Blanc de Coubert. Purest paper white, of large size often four inches in diameter, semi-double, produced in clusters, fragrant and free bloomer. Hardy.

Hansa. Deep violet red, very large, perfectly double, fragrant. The foliage is particularly dark rich green and the bush absolutely hardy.

The above two roses 40 cents each; 2 for 75 cents.

Rosa Rugosa. The beautiful, shining, dark green foliage renders this a fine bush. The single pink flowers are very fragrant and produced at intervals through the season. Hardy and well adapted for hedges, should be in all collections. Strong plants, 25c each; \$2 per 10; \$15 per 100.

Madame Plantier. Pure white, an excellent rose and a free bloomer, needs protection.

Strong plants, 35c; extra strong plants, 50c each.

Harrison's Yellow. A perfectly hardy yellow rose. Strong plants, 35c each.

Queen of the Prairie. A beautiful climber, very double pink rose, needs protection.

Strong plants, 35c each; extra strong plants, 50c each.



Baby Rambler

Baby Rambler. Finest and best all round rose ever introduced. A dwarf Crimson Rambler. Hardy, healthy, blooms in clusters from June until frost, also valuable as a pot plant, needs protection. Strong plants, 35c each.

Crimson Rambler. A strong, vigorous grower, producing in June, in clusters of brilliant crimson roses, lasting a long time. An acquisition, generally described hardy, but needs protection here.

Strong plants, 35c each; extra strong plants, 50c each. Flower of Fairfield. The everblooming Crimson Rambler. This is a true Hybrid Perpetual and a good climber. 2 year strong at 35c each.

Dorothy Perkins. A shell pink variety of similar habit to the Crimson Rambler. Very vigorous, and a great bloomer, the best of its color. 35 cents each.

Blue Rambler (Veilchenblau.) A great novelty in its class. The flowers on first opening are purplish pink which turn to amethyst, and finally to steely blue as they age. A vigorous grower and free bloomer. You should certainly have one of these. Price, each 35c.

Hardy Perennial Plants

Lichnes Chalcidonica. A hardy perennial, bearing fine clusters of deep red flowers on a stalk from 18 to 24 inches high. Bloom late in summer. Very showy, valuable and easy grown. 15c each. \$1.00 per 10.

Achilea the Pearl. Blossoms all summer. Broad heads of double, pure white flowers, valued for cutting. This plant is perfectly hardy and should be in every collection. 10c each; 75c per 10.

Bleeding Heart. A hardy perennial plant producing long racemes of beautiful pink heart-shaped flowers in May and June. Strong roots, 30c each; \$2.00 per 10.

Golden Glow. Grows 5 to 7 feet and blooms from early summer until frost. Flowers yellow, resemble Dahlias somewhat. 15c each; 2 for 25c; \$1.00 per 10.

BOLTONIA (Asteroides)

A hardy plant growing about four feet high and makes a beautiful showing in late summer with its aster like white blooms. Very free blooming.

Price, each 15c; \$1.00 per 10.

DELPHIMIUM (Hardy Larkspur)

This is a very hardy and beautiful perennial that should be found in abundance about every home. Blooms profusely from June till frost. Color light blue, dark blue and white. Be sure and include this in your order.

Price, each 25c.

Platycoden (Balloon Flower.) An easily grown hardy perennial that blooms from June to fall, bearing beautiful bell shaped flowers, blue and white. Very fine for low border or hedge. Height two feet. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Columbine. These old favorites, often called "honey-suckles," have been much improved of late years. They are of very easy culture, hardy anywhere, endure moderate shade and produce annually their curious and beautiful spur-shaped flowers of many delicate colors. Bloom in May and June.

Mixed varieties, each 20c; \$1.50 per 10.

Giant Daisy (Pyrethrum Uliginosum). Large, pure white flowers with yellow center. During August and September. Stalks 3 to 4 feet. 15c each; \$1.25 per 10.

Iroquois, S. D., April 24, 1916.

Mr. Dybvig, Dear Sir: Received my trees today. Can say they are the finest trees I ever bought F. C. MOORE.

Phlox

The Phlox is the best of all the fall flowering perennial plants. Continues in full bloom from the latter part of July to late in November. We have the red, white and pink. Price, 20c each; 3 for 50c.

Lilies

Tiger Lily. Hardy and of easiest culture. Choice and should be in every collection. Single and double.

Large bulbs, 10c each; 75c per 10.



Single Tiger Lily

Day Lily (Hemerocallis Fulva.) Bloom in August and September; height, 3 feet; color, yellow. Gives color to clump of shrubbery. Price, 15c each.

Lily of the Valley. Well-known. One of the most charming of the spring perennials. It loves a cool, shady, damp place. Price, 10c each; 75c per 10.

Lemon Lily. A very choice, hardy plant, producing fragrant lemo-yellow flowers in June; opens nicely when cut. Don't forget to try this. 15c each.

Batemanniae Lily. An attractive, strong-growing lily; height 4 to 5 feet; flowers reddish orange. Blossoms in July. Price 15 cents each. \$1.00 per 10.

Iris

Siberian Blue. A choice blue Siberian variety. Clear blue flowers of exquisite beauty; long narrow leaves. All are hardy. 10c each; 60c per 10.

Yellow. A large beautiful flower of the German type. 10c each; 60c per 10.

Bronze and Yellow Mixed. Large flowered German type. Price, 10c each; 60c per 10.

Peonies

Peonies. Of easiest culture and entirely hardy, just give them good rich ground. There should be a few of these in every collection.

Fistiva Maxima. Is the queen of all. Clear white, spotted carmine, tall and a strong grower.

Strong divisions, 50c each.



Fistiva Maxima Peony. This measured 9 inches across

Delacheii. A very dark, deep red, with very prominent yellow stamens. A good one.

Strong divisions, 40c each.

Golden Harvest. Blush outside, yellow center with tuft of petals that are longer in the center and often splashed with red. Very prolific and fragrant, choice.

Strong divisions, 50c each.

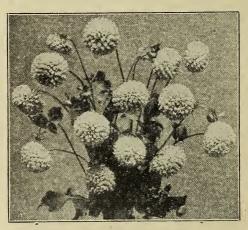
Andre Lauries. Violet red, late. Strong divisions, 35c each.

Edulis Superba. Beautiful rose pink, very early and fragrant. Strong divisions. 35c each.

We also have some choice mixed peonies in the following colors, Red, Pink and White that we offer at the very low price of 25c each, be sure and place your order for one of these.

Dahlias

A very attractive flower, which blooms late in the summer. There are a great variety of sorts, of as many colors and forms of bloom. Dahlia roots must be taken up in the fall before the ground freezes and kept in a cool, dry cellar, away from frost, similar to potatoes. Plant out the bulbs single in the spring in rich, mellow soil. They are very desirable and easily grown.



Dahlias

Queen of Yellow. A very large, double bloom of a canary yellow, with long stems. A strong grower, and a very good cut flower. 10 cents each; 75c per 10.

Strahlen Krone. Purplish pink, on medium length, very thick stem. A very good cut flower. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Fire Rain. A very bright showy red, long stems, good grower, this is one of the best in our list. 10c each; 75c per 10.

Zulu. Strong growing bush; a striking color being a dark velvety wine color, sometimes almost black. An excellent garden sort. 10c each; 75c per 10.

Robert Broomfield. White, the best decorative dahlia of its color. 20c each; \$1.50 per 10.

Sylvia. Pink, diameter 4 in., double, very strong healthy grower. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Jack Rose. Red, rare combination of size, color and quality. 15c each; \$1.00 per 10.

Bulbs for Fall Planting

Order your bulbs for fall planting now and we will ship them to you at the proper time for planting.

Tulips

Culture. Any good garden soil, prepared by spading to a depth of 12 inches, is suitable. Plant the bulbs 5 inches apart and about 4 inches deep. The soil must be equally placed over the bulbs, so they will come up at the same time. Firm the earth well about the bulbs and mulch the beds during winter.

and mulch the beds during winter.				
Early Tulips.	\mathbf{Per}	10	Pe	er 100
LaReine, white shaded rose	\$.25		\$2.00
Rose Gris de Lin, Pink flushed white		.25		2.00
Artus, deep scarlet		.25		2.00
Yellow Prince, golden yellow		.30		2.25
Mixed Early, best named kinds all color	s.	.25		1.75
Late Tulips.				
Dream, soft lilac		.35		3.00
Clara Butt, soft salmon pink		.30		2.75
White Queen, white, passing to pink		.35		3.00
Pride of Haarlem, Carmine rose		.30		2.75
Gesneriana Lutea, golden yellow, swe				
scented		.30		2.75
Ges. Spathulata, scarlet, sweet scented		.30		2.80
Painted Lady, Creamy white		.35		3.00
Mixed late, all colors, best named kind	ds	.25		2.25
Parrot, mixture, brilliant color		.25		2.00
Hyacinths.				
Plant 6 inches apart and 6 inches	dee	p.		
King of Belgium, bright scarlet		.75		6.00
L'Innocence, pure white		.75		6.00
King of Blues, dark blue fine		.75		6.00
King of Yellows, extra fine yellow		.75		6.00

We also have Narcissus, Jonquils, Daffodils, Crocus, Snowdrops, etc. Prices on application.

Gladiolus

The ease of culture, great variety of colors, succession of bloom and many other points in their favor, make the Gladiolus one of the most desirable of our summer-blooming plants. They may be planted in succession any time from May 1st to June with the assurance of blossoming that season. They will do well anywhere except on wet, cold and very heavy soils. Dig in the fall before severe freezing weather and keep in a dry place. Choice mixed varieties. 35c per 10; \$2.50 per 100.

Groff's Hybrids. A splendid mixture of large-flowered varieties in many shades of red and pink. 40c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.

NAMED VARIETIES.

America. Beautiful, soft flesh-pink, faintly tinged with lavender. Flowers large and wide open. Four to six blooms open at one time. A magnificent cut-flower. One of our best. 50c per 10; \$3.50 per 100.

Baron Hulot. One of the finest blue Gladioli. A deep violet blue with well opened flowers. 75c per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

Mrs. Frances King. A strong-growing variety with very large spike of showy flowers; four to six open at one time. Color a bright shade of pure scarlet. 50c per 10; \$3.50 per 100.

Golden King. Bright yellow open flowers with large crimson blotch. Tall and strong. 75c per 10; \$5.00 per 100.

Independence. Rich, light scarlet. Flowers large; several out at one time. Spike tall and straight. Good for garden effect and cutting. 50c per 10.

Klondyke. A clear yellow, with a vivid crimson-maroon blotch in the throat. A splendid free grower. 40c per 10.

Leuthold. Scarlet with yellow markings. Flowers large; four to six out at one time. Late, strong grower. 40c per 10; \$3.00 per 100.

Marie Lemoine. Rich, creamy yellow; the lower petals spotted with lilac and yellow. Four to six blooms out at one time. One of the earliest to bloom. 40c per 10; \$3.50 per 100.

Tree Seeds

		Per oz.	Per lb.
Green Ash .		.\$.10	\$.40
Black Hills	Pine	25	2.50

Free

Membership in the South Dakota Horticultural Society for one year, with all privileges of membership, and a volume of their bound reports of about 475 pages of the best literature on this subject. Membership fee, \$1.00 per year, or free with a \$10.00 order, when requested, (except where special prices are made.)

Order Early

Order early and save money. On all orders amounting to \$5.00 or more with cash received before March 15, allow you to add in stock 5 per cent of the amount of your order. Thus for \$20.00 you can buy \$21.00 worth of stock.

Parcel Post

We are prepared to send all small packages by mail. This will be found to be a safe and economical way for many of our patrons to get small stock.

5 at 10 rates; 50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1000 rates.

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA Official Certificate of Inspection

No. 9.

Brookings, S. D., Aug. 7, 1916.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

This is to certify that in-accordance with an Act of the Legislature approved March 8th, 1909, the DYBVIG NURSERY of COLTON, SOUTH DAKOTA and owned by H. N. DYBVIG was inspected on June 7, 1916, and the stock grown in said nursery found apparently free from San Jose Scale and all other dangerous insects or plant diseases.

This certificate is to cover only stock grown in the above named nursery, and becomes invalid twelve months after date of inspection.

(Signed) HARRY C. SEVERIN,

(Seal) State Entomologist.

FARM BOOKS

POPULAR FRUIT GROWING:—We take pleasure in recommending this book to our friends desiring authentic information on practical fruit growing. This book was prepared by Prof. Samuel B. Green, who has devoted his entire life to this study. It covers all phases of fruit growing thoroughly, and explains every detail in language that is easily understood. You will find it an exceptionally valuable treatise on this subject. The author has just crowded this book with plain everyday facts which, if applied, will save you much money throughout the course of a year. Paper Cover.

AMATEUR FRUIT GROWING by Samuel B. Green, a practical guide to the growing of fruit for home use and the market, written with special reference to a cold climate. Illustrated. 134 pp., Price 12 mo. cloth, \$ 50; paper, 25 cents.

VEGETABLE GARDENING, by Samuel B. Green, 10th edition. A manual on the growing of vegetables for home use and the market. Profusely illustrated. 252 pp. Price paper cover, 50 cents.

FARM WIND-BREAKS AND SHELTER BELTS, by Samuel B. Green. A manual of tree planting for wind-breaks and shelter with description of the most suitable trees hardy enough to stand Northwestern conditions. Practical cultural directions from seed to maturity. Illustrated. 69 pp., Price

paper, 25 cents. GRASSES AND HOW TO GROW THEM, by Thomas Shaw, covering name and character of all the principal grasses in America temporary and permanent pastures; methods in making hay, etc. Illustrated, 453 pp. Price, 12 mo. cloth, \$1.50.

WEEDS AND HOW TO ERADICATE THEM, by Thomas Shaw, giving the names of the most troublesome weed pests east and west and successful methods for destroying them. Price, 16 mo. cloth, 210 pp., 50 cents; paper, 25 cents.

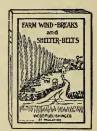
THE SILO, by King. How to build wood, brick, stone, concrete, tile, etc. A thoroughly practical guide to silo builders and farmers, 75 cents.

QUACK GRASS ERADICATION— P. B. Crane, Cloth, 114 pages \$1.00. A book that describes a practical method which, without the use of special machinery, the loss of a year's crops, or other objectionable features, positively results in the complete and permanent eradication of Quack Grass. The method is equally effective for Canada Thistle and Johnson Grass. A better investment cannot be made by those who are troubled with these pests than to buy a copy of this book.

ONIONS—Ralph W. Jordan, Cloth 95 pages, illustrated \$.50. A complete treatise for the professional or amateur grower.

500 SWINE QUESTIONS ANSWERED—Paper \$.25. The information and answers are wholly dependable and come from the practical experience of the largest Swine Breeders and Feeders in the West and the most authoritative veterinarians,









EVERGREENS AND HOW TO GROW THEM, by C. S. Harrison. A complete guide to se-lection and growth of evergreens for pleas-ure and profit, from seed and nursery, to wind-breaks, and hedges. Illustrated. Price, 12 mo. cloth, 100 pp., 50 cents; paper 25c.

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PHLOX MANUAL—C. S. Harrison. Illustrated, paper covers 25 cents. This book is a reliable guide for nurserymen and amateurs, setting forth correct methods of Phlox culture for pleasure and profit, in addition to the complete and detailed directions for the preparation of the soil, selection of varieties, planting, propagating, etc.

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IRIS MANUAL—C. S. Harrison. Illustrated, paper covers 25 cents. In the same intertesting style adopted in the preceding manuals, Mr. Harrison describes the varieties, the habits of growth, the culture and care of the Iris. This flower is increasing in popularity among lovers of gardens and lawns lawns.

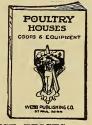
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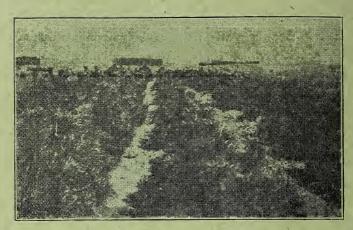
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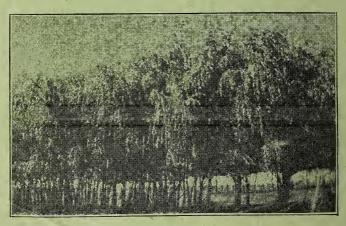
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Black Hills Pines



A block of little evergreens growing at our nursery



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